

# Year 1 and 2 Spring 1

Author of the Half Term:

Poem: On the Ning Nang Nong by Spike Milligan

**Science:** Animals, Including Humans

**Key Question:** I wrote to the zoo to send me a pet. They sent me this... How do I make it survive?

**Key Vocabulary:** offspring, reproduce, survive, live young

**Key Knowledge:**

That animals including humans have offspring which grow into adults.

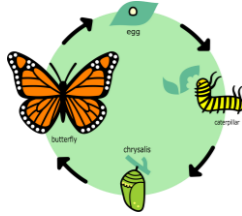
Some animals lay eggs whereas some have live young.

To know examples of animals which have young that look similar and different to their parents for example, frogs and butterflies.

The basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival are water, food, and air.

To understand that if an animal is ill it needs medicine to help it survive.

Exercise and hygiene are important for humans and animals to have a healthy life.



**PE:** Dance - Bollywood

**Key Vocabulary:** travel (walk, run, sidestep, skip, hop, crawl), mirror  
The deer, the flag, the lotus



**Key Knowledge:**

I can travel in different ways and use these to create my own movements. Bollywood dance is the dance form used in Indian films.

Hand gestures in the dance are called Mudras and they help us to tell stories.

**Computing:** Making Music

**Key Vocabulary:**

Patterns – something that repeats

Purpose – Why we do OT

Review – To think about it and make changed to it.



**Key Knowledge:**

To say how music can make us feel.

To identify that there are patterns in music.

To experiment with sound using a computer.

To use a computer to create a musical pattern.

To create music for a purpose.

To review and refine our computer work.

**Art:** L.S. Lowry

**Commission:**

Create a landscape composition of Hartlepool in the style of Lowry



**Key Vocabulary:**

artist, industrial, landscape, brushstroke, load, watercolour paints, tint, shade, composition, sketch, charcoal

**Key Knowledge:**

L. S. Lowry painted industrial landscapes in the north of England.

He painted in a simple style and used limited colours.

Some famous paintings that Lowry painted were Going to the Match, Thurso and Playgroundology.

We can add black to colours to create shades and white to create tints.

We load the brush with paint and we can create different brushstrokes.

Features are arranged in a painting to create a composition.

We can create a light sketch with a pencil by not pressing on too hard.

**RE:** Why is Jesus special?

**Key Vocabulary:**

Jesus, Son of God, Friendship, Miracle, Disciple

**Key Knowledge:**

Jesus had many friends but there were twelve men that he chose to be his special friends. This group are known as Jesus' disciples.

The Bible tells Christians that Jesus thought everyone was important and was a friend to all.

In Jesus' time children were not treated as important and special but Jesus believed otherwise.

Jesus cared for people (as shown in the story of Feeding the 5000).

**British Value:** Mutual Respect and Tolerance

**Key Vocabulary:** gender, cultural background, unique

**Key Knowledge:**

There are similarities and differences in people's likes and dislikes, gender, appearance, beliefs, cultural background and families.

It is important to respect and celebrate our differences.

People have some things in common but we are all unique.



**PHSE:** Zippy's Friends: Making and breaking relationships

**Key Vocabulary:** loneliness, lonely, relationship

**Key Knowledge:**

We can take care of our friends by thinking about their feelings.

We can take care of our friends by showing compassion when they are sad or hurt.

We can keep our friends by showing them they can trust us to be kind and fair.

We can help people when they are lonely by smiling at them, talking to them and including them in our play and our conversation. We can make new friends by doing this too.

What can we do to keep our friends?

Explain how we take care of our friends?

How can we deal with loneliness?

Give options from a scenario about helping people when they are lonely.

Explain why we would want to make new friends and how.



**History:** Why are Mary Seacole and Florence Nightingale important in healthcare?

**Key Vocabulary:**

inspiration, medicine, health, welfare, nation, contribution, profession, mixed-heritage, discrimination

**Key Knowledge:**

Significant people can make a difference to the world by the contribution they make.

Florence Nightingale was a nurse in the Crimean war. She was known as the Lady with the Lamp.

Florence Nightingale saw dirty hospitals and improved them by making them clean. She trained other nurses to do this too.

Mary Seacole was a British-Jamaican nurse of mixed heritage. She went onto the battlefields of the Crimean war to care for the soldiers as well as nursing them at her British hotel.

These women were courageous advocates because they stood up for what they believed in and helped people, even when it was difficult and dangerous. They inspired many people to become nurses.

They treated soldiers during wartimes.

Mary had to overcome discrimination because she was a woman of colour.

Florence and Mary looked after soldiers in the Crimean War.

Florence worked in hospitals but Mary had a "hotel".



**Music:** Recorders

**Key Vocabulary:**

Pitch rhythm recorder

**Key Knowledge:**

We can play notes C, D, E, F, G, A

We can play a simple melody on the recorder.

